

# Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2023 - 2024 School Report



Hall County
Chestatee Middle School

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <a href="Planning and Preparation webinar">Planning and Preparation webinar</a> for additional information and guidance.

#### Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Principal	Jennifer Kogod
Team Member # 2	Assistant Principal	Libbie Armstrong
Team Member # 3	Assistant Principal	David Peake
Team Member # 4	Instructional Coach	Michele Rosales
Team Member # 5	Teacher	Lindsey Rodriquez
Team Member # 6	Media Specialist	Lauren Moody
Team Member # 7	Counselor	Mary Lawson

#### Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	SPED Lead Teacher	Dianne Collier
Team Member # 2	Teacher of the Year	Joe Carver
Team Member # 3	Teacher, Magnet School Coordinator	Janelle Bowker
Team Member # 4	Teacher, Gifted	Glen Lawson
Team Member # 5	Connection Teacher	Jeanne Rountree
Team Member # 6	SPED Teacher	Justin Reynolds
Team Member # 7	Teacher	Audra Whitaker
Team Member # 8	Teacher	Brittany James
Team Member # 9	ESOL Teacher, 8th grade teacher	Lynn Murphy
Team Member # 10	Teacher	Brad Fussell

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

#### Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Principal	Jennifer Kogod
Stakeholder # 2	Assistant Principal	Libbie Armstrong
Stakeholder # 3	Assistant Principal	David Peake
Stakeholder # 4	Instructional Coach	Michele Rosales
Stakeholder # 5	Parent	Casey Williams
Stakeholder # 6	Parent	Ana Campa
Stakeholder # 7	Teacher	Dianne Collier
Stakeholder # 8		

How will the team ensure that stakeholders,	Parent Meetings
and in particular parents and/or guardians,	Leadership Team Meetings
were able to provide meaningful input into	Perception Surveys
the needs assessment process?	Faculty Meetings

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

Curriculum Standard 1 -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	✓
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.	
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.	
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

<b>Curriculum Standard 2</b> -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the required standards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process.  These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards.  These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 -Provides a supportive and well -managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.  Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
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2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most	✓
	classrooms.	
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some	
	classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few,	
	if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 -Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

<b>Instruction Standard 3</b> -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to curric standards		iculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels.	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.  Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4	-Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

<b>Instruction Standard 5</b>	Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.  Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).  Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.		
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.  Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	<b>√</b>	
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		

Instruction Standard 6 -Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	✓
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

<b>Instruction Standard</b> 7 -Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual	
	students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students	✓
	with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students	
	with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not	
	specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progre		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.  Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

<b>Instruction Standard 9</b> -Provides timely, systematic, data -driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.  Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 -Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

	<b>Assessment Standard 3</b> -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, information, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.		
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.		
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	<b>√</b>	
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.		
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.		

Assessment Standard 4 -Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist.  Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

<b>Assessment Standard 5</b> -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on required standards		ı the
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	✓
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

<b>Leadership Standard 1</b> -Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.  The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and communication to the old are	
2. Operational	and community stakeholders.  Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 -Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and	
	sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of	
	urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve	✓
	staff performance and student learning.	
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the	
	change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but	
	do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student	
	learning.	

<b>Leadership Standard 3</b> -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.  The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	<b>√</b>
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

<b>Leadership Standard 4</b> -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	✓
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

<b>Leadership Standard 6</b> -Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student learning		learning
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning.  The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	✓
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning.  The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	-Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data s	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.  A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.  Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or	
	both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 -Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

	<b>Planning and Organization Standard 1</b> -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.  The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.  The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained		
	commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.  The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	<b>V</b>	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 2</b> -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implesschool improvement plan that is focused on student performance		olement a
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.  The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.  This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	<b>√</b>
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders.  The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders.  The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

Planning and Organizat	<b>Planning and Organization Standard 3</b> -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes adjustment as needed	
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	<b>√</b>
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 -Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored.	
	School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 5</b> -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedur to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented.  In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 6</b> -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a sa clean, and inviting learning environment		g a safe,
1. Exemplary	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment.  A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed.	
2. Operational	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment.  The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment.  The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	
4. Not Evident	Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment.  The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	✓
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or	
	problem-solving.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 1</b> -Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of data		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).  Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	✓
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 2</b> -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		nce
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).  Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 -Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	✓
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 4</b> -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning no staff		needs of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks).  Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs.  Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 5</b> -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective palearning		rofessional
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning.  Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 6</b> -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff practices and stude learning		
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively.  Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student	
	learning.	
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	✓
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	_
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <a href="Family and Community Engagement webinar">Family Community Engagement webinar</a> for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's <a href="KIDS COUNT">KIDS COUNT</a> for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 1</b> -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects and community members to the school		nects family
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.  Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.	
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communi- between the school and stakeholders		cation
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.  Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

# Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 3</b> -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being.  Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commu	${f nnity}$ ${f Engagement}$ ${f Standard}$ ${f 4}$ -Communicates academic expectations and current student ac	chievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.  Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year.  Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations.  Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

# Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 5</b> -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at l will enhance academic achievement		nome that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	✓
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 6</b> -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community the needs of students		nity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the Supportive Learning Environment webinar for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 -Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progre		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	✓
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

<b>School Culture Standard 1</b> -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school.  These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

<b>School Culture Standard 2</b> -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 -Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.  The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	_

School Culture Standard 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students		
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	

School Culture Standard 5 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.  The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	✓
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 1</b> -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.  The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.  The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained	✓
	commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.  The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

#### 2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?
[examples: student perceptions about school climate issues (health survey, violence, prejudice, bullying, etc.); student/parent perceptions about the effectiveness of programs or interventions; student understanding of relationship of school to career or has an academic plan]

Full faculty input-Individually through Google Form Parent Meeting Survey and Discussion at Parent Input Meeting Leadership Meeting Discussion and Feedback Student survey Student leaders attending School Improvement Team meetings

What does the perception data tell you? (perception data can describe people's knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions, competencies; perception data can also answer the question "What do people think they know, believe, or can do?")

Areas of strength are:

Vision of school, Job Embedded Professional Learning, School Culture addresses individual needs to promote success, teachers and administration strive to improve staff performance and student learning

Areas of weakness are:

Academically Challenging Environment for all Students need to consistently monitor their own progress Monitoring of effectiveness of professional learning

What process data did you use? (examples: student participation in school activities, sports, clubs, arts; student participation in special programs such as peer mediation, counseling, skills conferences; parent/student participation in events such as college information meetings and parent workshops)

School Improvement Plan
District Balanced Scorecard
GSAPS Data/Report from 2022 visit
Parent Workshops
SWSS
AdvancED

What does the process data tell you? (process data describes the way programs are conducted; provides evidence of participant involvement in programs; answers the question "What did you do for whom?")

We are very intentional with our vision of the school. Our school has a history of utilizing data analysis practices to improve student achievement in a systematic manner.

# **DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS**

What achievement data did you use?	GA Milestones Access Testing IXL and Lexile Levels through Reading Inventories for 6th-8th
What does your achievement data tell you?	Chestatee has made gains in some areas but there needs to be an intentional
	focus on EL and SWD students.
What demographic data did you use?	Hall County School's Demographic Data
What does the demographic data tell you?	There has been an increase in Hispanic students over the past two years. In addition, there has been an increase of SWD students.

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

#### 3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Chestatee provides a supportive environment for learning with structures in place to improve instruction. Content teams meet weekly for planning and twice monthly as Professional Learning Communities. Opportunities for vertical content planning take place several times a year. Instruction and assessment are well-aligned to the curriculum. Teachers have access to a wide variety of resources, including technology, other physical resources and human resources. Teachers engage in focused and differentiated professional learning and have tools available for student monitoring, student self-monitoring, ideas for instructional strategies and common instructional practices, such as R.A.C.E. (writing rubric), War Eagle Words (common tier-two vocabulary) Harvey Silver Strategies and Blended Learning.

Although excellent structures exist, not all have been universally and successfully implemented. For example, student monitoring and student self-monitoring is very uneven. As a faculty, our teachers utilize a wide variety of instructional strategies, but individually, the effective implementation of those strategies is not pervasive. The structure exists for PLC's and PLC coach training as been in place for going on years.

Additionally, as our demographics have changed, we have made the necessary adaptations to ensure a well-managed environment throughout the building. These problems are not unexpected. Recent years have seen our school develop specific, lofty goals and action steps to attain those goals. These have required changes in culture and it is taking time for our faculty to assimilate the cultural shift. For example, we have completed our ninth year where writing throughout the school was an instructional focus. Preliminary analysis is finally showing significant improvement in our students' writing scores. Our actions steps will continue and help us towards attaining these goals. We have made the building of student efficacy one of our instructional focuses. We have developed a detailed discipline plan.

At Chestatee, we are data-driven. We do an excellent job at analyzing summative data and are working to improve our use of formative data, especially in the context of PLC meetings. We also rely on qualitative data from teacher, student and parent perception surveys.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Effective Leadership:Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Chestatee has a well-defined Vision/Mission ("Learn, Lead Family! and is a place where students are supported to learn, empowered to lead and embraced as family.") that is well-known to our students, staff and the community. The school has a culture of high expectations and continual improvement. We acknowledge the diversity of our students and faculty and understand that diversity is one of our greatest strengths. We have a long history of shared leadership. Teachers have a significant voice in our school. Few major decisions are made without the direct input of our School Improvement Team. The school is well-managed with operations, logistics and communication being areas of strength. The administration has proven to be nimble, able to navigate several very difficult situations in recent years.

As in the Coherent Instruction Section, although structures are in place for the best possible management of the school, improvement can found in their implementation. For example, our much-vaunted shared decision-making extends primarily to teachers. We understand that we ought to involve students, parents and community more deeply in decision-making and working towards this goal. We now have students attending our School Improvement Team meetings and a school council is in place. Likewise, we want to make all of our teachers feel as though they have access to the decision-making process.

While summative analysis is an especial strength of our school, the use of formative assessments to inform instructional and management decisions is an area ripe for improvement. We also gather qualitative data from teacher, student and parent perception surveys.

Professional Capacity:Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

As noted in the Leadership section, we have a long history of earnest and sustained shared-decision making at Chestatee. We believe that our professional learning program is a relative strength of ours. For the last eight years, our instructional focus has been on reading, writing and providing an academically challenging environment across all contents. Every teacher's PLP/G has related to one of these focus areas, as have every PLC and professional learning opportunity. This has created a tight and unified instructional focus for our staff. However, we have made sure that our professional learning sessions are differentiated and allow for teacher choice. We are building capacity within teacher leadership and multiple teachers have led professional learning.

As noted in previous sections, the analysis and use of formative assessments is an area for improvement, especially in the context of our PLC's.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

#### **Family and Community**

Engagement:Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

We believe that we made great strides in Family and Community Engagement. As always, our sporting events, concerts and Academy Showcase events were well-attended. Yet those types of events only attract certain sectors of our population. Eight years ago, in our first year of being a Title I school, we held monthly meetings that were only sparsely attended. Then, we re-formatted some of those meetings and had much greater attendance. Our Math, Literacy and Science nights attracted many families and they reflected our diverse populations. These events reinforced the feeling of fellowship and connectedness that is an integral part of or Vision/Mission.

While we communicate with our parents in a wide variety of ways, we can still improve in this area. We will work to make our parents feel more comfortable coming to our school, contacting us, and with Infinite Campus. We are also working to find ways to involve parents and the community in decision-making.

We gather perception data by surveying our parents and students and also conduct an annual parent input meeting.

#### **Supportive Learning**

Environment:Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

One of our strengths at Chestatee is a pervasive culture dedicated to the development of the whole child. We will have a school-wide "Go-To" adult initiative. This campaign will be envisioned as a champion and support for each student. Our SOAR Academies, which meet three times a week, allow students to explore possible career pathways and to develop their own passions. This program also builds relationships with adults. Students choose from over forty different academies, ranging from website design and cosmetology, to taxidermy and engine repair. On the other two days of the week, students are "PUSH"ed to improve. Our PUSH period is when we schedule remediation for struggling students. The remaining students read within their SOAR academies.

We recognize the need to provide an academically challenging environment for all students and have made it one of our instructional focuses for the last four years. This continues to be an area for improvement. We continue to work to find ways for students to effectively monitor their own progress. The use of higher-order thinking skills is an area of improvement in our instruction.

We have required our SIT members to observe classrooms throughout the year by creating walk-through instruments for the past three years. This helps us observe trends and develop ideas for improved instruction.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Throughout our twenty three years of existence, we have served a diverse community. Along the shores of Lake Lanier, we have gated communities. In the southern end of our district many of our families live in trailers. In between, other students live in apartments, rented and family owned houses, in suburbs and on farms. In recent years we have seen slow but steady demographic shifts. Eight years ago, the proportion of our students eligible for free and reduced lunch reached the level that we became a Title school. We have also seen the percentage of our Hispanic students increase, so that now they represent over half of our student population. Many of those students are first or second generation immigrants. We have a substantial English Learner population and most of those students also qualify as economically disadvantaged.

These shifts are requiring us to rethink how we can best serve our students according to their needs. With our students' diversity comes a bewildering variety of background knowledge and experiences as well as a wide variety of attitudes towards education.

Student Achievement:Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

We have seen evidence of our demographic shifts in our students' achievement. Analysis of our Milestone data reveals that many of our students come to us with academic struggles, especially in reading and writing. This is not surprising since so many of our students speak English as a second language. Often, English is not spoken in the home.

Mathematics is a relative strength for our school. Again, this is partially due to the fact that language is not quite as decisive a factor in that subject. We are concerned about the effects of the pandemic regarding Math skills.

When we compare our ranking among all middle schools in Georgia we see that we tend to rank lower in the Proficient and Distinguished levels than we do in the Developing and Beginning levels. Again, this is attributable to our demographic makeup.

Close analysis of this data drives instructional decision making from the school level down to the classroom and to the individual student.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Strengths

Our Special Education, English Learner and Economically Disadvantaged children are an important and growing part of our student population, representing approximately 19%, 15%, and 65%, respectively, of our students. Many of our students fall into more than one category. Most of our English Learners are economically disadvantaged as are many of our students with a disability. Some students fall into all three categories.

We have an excellent and dedicated staff who have a heart for all these students. Our Special Ed department is made up of dedicated, veteran teachers. We use a variety of instructional models to best serve our students including co-teaching, supported instruction and resource classes as well as three self-contained classes. Our staff works hard to develop IEP's that will insure that students' abilities, talents and learning are maximized in the least restrictive environment.

Our EL staff, is likewise dedicated and professional. Depending on the student's needs and the content, we provide direct instruction and co-taught instructional models. Our faculty is trained in the use of ACCESS test results to understand the needs and abilities of individual students. These results are made available to each teacher in our content meetings.

By law, we cannot and do not identify our students who are economically disadvantaged. However, with a 65% rate of free and reduced lunch students, we understand that most of our struggling students fall into the ED category. In addition to differentiated and tiered instruction in our regular academic classrooms, we offer a very wide variety of opportunities for remedial support. During our PUSH sessions, which meet for forty-five minutes a day, twice a week, students may be remediated in reading or math. During Connections, we offer remediation classes in reading, math and writing. Teachers provide tutoring before school. After school on Tuesdays/Thursdays, students have the opportunity to attend sixty minute "TASK" sessions. Aside from monthly Saturday Schools, we offer a series of focused review Saturday sessions that we call "Saturday Blast." Summer Scholars is another opportunity for our students.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the Identifying Need webinar for additional information and guidance.

#### Challenges

These three subgroups are our most challenging.

One reason is the amount of overlap between the groups. Most of our EL students are also economically disadvantaged. Almost all are first or second generation immigrants to America and many come from homes where English is not spoken. This is a triple disadvantage for these students. They must learn to function is a school while learning a new language without the advantage of parents who are products of the American educational system. This means that it is more difficult for these parents to advocate for their students. These parents typically work long hours and, as noted in the demographic section, live on the extreme southern end of our district. These factors conspire to make it difficult for them to connect with our school and its mission. The third built-in disadvantage that these students face is that they do not share the same background knowledge as their teachers or classmates. Research tells us that background knowledge is foundational to efficient learning. Some of our students are able to overcome this "triple hurdle" but some are not. By the time they come to us, and especially when they make it to 8th grade, some students have accumulated a history of failure that makes effort in the classroom seem futile.

Many of our SWD students face similar hurdles. When families struggle economically, it is harder for them to support their children academically. By middle school, some of these students have become acculturated to the notion that academic success is impossible and this becomes a self-fulfilling prophecy. Understanding the challenges our students face, we have made the building of student efficacy one of our instructional focuses. One initiative is our "Go-To" campaign. Each student will be surveyed to see if there is an adult that will be the students' champion and helper. Likewise, our SOAR program (described in an earlier section) provides students with experiences that may lead to career pathways.

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

# 3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Meeting the diverse needs of learners
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Worse
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	
Additional Considerations	

#### Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Meeting the needs of the whole child
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Worse
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	Unranked

Additional Considerations	

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

#### 3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

#### Overarching Need - Meeting the diverse needs of learners

#### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Our students bring a wide range of backgrounds and experiences which results in a
	student body with wide range of talents, academic ability, background knowledge,
	behaviors and aspirations.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Others:

Additional Responses	

#### Overarching Need - Meeting the needs of the whole child

Root Cause # 1

# **NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS**

### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Many of our stakeholders struggle with feeling connected to our school community.  Additionally there is a lack of resiliency. Motivation has waned.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program

Additional Responses	



# School Improvement Plan 2023 - 2024



Hall County
Chestatee Middle School

### **SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN**

# 1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Hall County
School Name	Chestatee Middle School
Team Lead	Jennifer Kogod
Federal Funding Options to Be	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)
Employed (SWP Schools) in this	
Plan (Select all that apply)	

Fact	Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
✓	/ Free/Reduced meal application	
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY	
	Other (if selected, please describe below)	

### 2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

# 2.1 Overarching Need # 1

### Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Meeting the diverse needs of learners
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Our students bring a wide range of backgrounds and experiences which results in a student body with wide range of talents, academic ability, background knowledge, behaviors and aspirations.
Goal	By the end of FY24, 10% of students will increase one achievement level on the Georgia Milestones.

Action Step	Improve student achievement through the use of specialized personnel (Instructional
	Coach, Math Intervention Teacher, and Writing Intervention Teacher).
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Timelogs
Implementation	Teacher Rosters
Method for Monitoring	Milestone Data
Effectiveness	County Benchmark Assessments
	Lexile Reports
Position/Role Responsible	Math Intervention Teacher
	Writing Intervention Teacher
	Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Provide professional learning opportunities that encompass: Academically Challenging
-	Environment, Blended Learning, Literacy & Numeracy Strategies, Impact of Poverty on
	Learning, Co-Teaching Strategies, ELL instructional strategies, Teacher Mentoring
	Program, SOAR, Teacher Rounds/Coaching Cycles, Data Dig/Progress Monitoring, PLCs,
	Effective Feedback, and Classroom Management.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	PL Agendas/Minutes/Sign in Sheets
Implementation	PL Teaching Materials
	SIT Minutes
Method for Monitoring	Reflection Survey
Effectiveness	SIT Walkthroughs
	ELEOT
	Growth on summative and formative assessments
	PL Evaluations
Position/Role Responsible	Principal
	Assistant Principals
	Media Specialist
	Instructional Coach
	Enrichment Personnel
	EL Personnel

Timeline for implementation within	Timeline for Implementation	Monthly
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Increase student achievement and celebrate success through the use of resources, release
•	time for professional learning, and educational technology resources.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title II, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Lexile Reports
Implementation	Lesson Plans created during professional release time
	Agendas/Minutes/Sign in Sheets
	Walkthroughs
	ELEOT
Method for Monitoring	Increase Student Lexile scores
Effectiveness	Growth on formative and summative assessments
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	Instructional Coach
	Media Specialist
	SIT Representatives

<b>—————————————————————————————————————</b>	Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Provide flexible and innovative learning opportunities for students within SOAR, PUSH,
•	and CTAE focusing on academic standards, relationships, and utilizing our community
	resources to include service learning.
Funding Sources	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Day at the Museum and Academy Showcase Programs
Implementation	Presentations
	CTAE Minutes
Method for Monitoring	DATM Project Rubrics
Effectiveness	Student Participation
	Growth on summative and formative assessments
Position/Role Responsible	Enrichment Personnel
	Instructional Coach
	CTAE Personnel

Timeline for Implementation	Monthly
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Identify opportunities for parental involvement to enhance and increase partnerships and communication with parents and other stakeholders through our parent plan and student compact.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
Method for Monitoring	Title I Parent Sign in Sheets/Documentation/Agendas/Evaluations
Implementation	Physical and digital parent center in English & Spanish
Method for Monitoring	Parent participation will demonstrate increased student achievement.
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Opportunities for additional student learning such as summer school, Saturday BLAST,
	Tuesday BLAST, TASK, PUSH, Migrant Tutoring, Honors Directed Studies, SOAR,
	Morning Math Lab, and Academic Tutoring.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Student Sign In Sheets
Implementation	Lesson Plans
	School Calendar
	Master Spreadsheet
Method for Monitoring	Milestone Data
Effectiveness	Growth on Formative and Summative Assessments
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	Instructional Coach
	SOAR Coordinator
	School Counselor
	Summer School Coordinator
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

Action S	tep#	6
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

### 2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

# 2.2 Overarching Need # 2

### Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Meeting the needs of the whole child
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Many of our stakeholders struggle with feeling connected to our school community.
	Additionally there is a lack of resiliency. Motivation has waned.
Goal	By the end of FY24, we will improve our supportive learning environment in at least 3 of 4
	areas: staff and student attendance, discipline, coping skills, and engagement.

Action Step	Support the whole child through increasing coping skills.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Coping Skills Curriculum
Implementation	PL Minutes
	Professional Learning for Staff on Sources of Strength, DSG, relationship building and
	stress management/coping skills
	Counseling Annual Agreement and Lesson Plans
	List of students served
	Mechanism for teacher, parent or student self-referral for interventions
	PL Evaluations
	Sign in sheets
Method for Monitoring	Student Reflection Survey
Effectiveness	Pre and Post
	Student Health Survey
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	School Counselor
	Instructional Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Increase opportunities for student engagement, leadership, and feedback.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Family and Community Engagement Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Guidance Canvas Course and/or Google Form Principal's Council Student leadership opportunities Emphasize student engagement opportunities SIT minutes with student attendance Title I Student Attendance Sources of Strength Roster Counselor Advisory Committee SALT (Student Athlete Leadership Team) Peer Tutors Academy Showcase Junior Achievement Tech Fair Student Organizations
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Walkthroughs Student survey results Student Health Survey results Shout-outs Scrolling Morning Announcements School Calendar

Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	School Counselor
	Instructional Coach
	SOAR Coordinator
	Media Specialist
	CTAE Personnel
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Improve student behavior through intentional interventions.
Funding Sources	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	Immigrant
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	DSG Groups
Implementation	Admin meeting every 9 weeks with homerooms
	School-wide assemblies to address behaviors
	Increased staff visibility
	Behavior WEP groups
	Student Success Meeting minutes
	Sources of Strength Groups
	Digital Citizenship and other targeted modules
	Behavior Contracts

Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Behavior Data
Position/Role Responsible	Admin
	School Counselor
	Student Success Committee
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, wit	th
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organization	ons,
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of succe	ss is
the LEA implementing in carr	rying
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Increase student and staff attendance.	
Funding Sources	N/A	
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged	
	Foster	
	Homeless	
	English Learners	
	Migrant	
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority	
	Student with Disabilities	
	Immigrant	
Systems	Coherent Instruction	
	Professional Capacity	
	Family and Community Engagement	
	Supportive Learning Environment	
Method for Monitoring	School-wide incentives	
Implementation	Increase communication with parent(s)/guardian(s) regarding attendance	
	Establish and communicate procedures for attendance monitoring	
	Effective use of the contact log	
	Quarterly printing of staff attendance	
	Infinite Campus Usage Report	
Method for Monitoring	Student Attendance Data	
Effectiveness	Staff Attendance Data	

Position/Role Responsible	Administration	
	School Counselor	
	Student Success Committee	
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly	

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

#### 3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

#### 3.1 Stakeholders, Coordination of Activities, Serving Children, and PQ

Required Questions

1. In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders).

Our school's leadership team gave input on the five continuous systems. In addition, parents and community members gave feedback through electronic communication and face to face meetings. We carefully reviewed data for our school that included subgroups such as EL, ED, and SWD.

2. Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.

Administration balances years of experience among all the grade levels. Additionally, personnel conferences are held each year at the district level to discuss staffing for the upcoming school year. Chestatee Academy has 2% of teachers pursuing certification through the GA TAPP for this school year.

3. Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I school. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

Through analysis of our recent Milestone scores, we have identified the areas where we can most help our academically at-risk students. Reading and writing are areas of need in all three grade levels. As a consequence, we have instituted reading and writing programs in all subject areas. Our instructional coach and administration provides training and support for school wide instructional practices such as "War Eagle Words" (Tier II vocabulary), "R.A.C.E." and "Attack the Prompt" writing strategies. Aside from the reading remediation that we provide in pull-out "PUSH" classes and in dedicated Connections classes, we have a Title teacher dedicated to writing Connections classes.

We identified math as another area in which we can help at-risk students. Our math Title teacher provides intervention/skill teaching. She is working with at-risk 6th & 7th grade students.

4. If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale

N/A

(point system) that uses the objective criteria	
to rank all students.	

#### 3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

#### 3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5. If applicable, describe how the school will	N/A
support, coordinate, and integrate services	
with early childhood programs at the school	
level, including strategies for assisting	
preschool children in the transition from	
early childhood education programs to local	
elementary school programs.	

6. If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; and Increased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills.

Our school counselors work with our 8th grade students and plan their coursework for the next four years. Parent nights are held to help with the transition to high school. Students are also able to tour the high school and learn about programs/courses that are offered. At Chestatee Academy we also select a cohort of around 40 students each year that may need additional support. This cohort to referred to as our POWER 40. We have found that with this implementation that students are less apprehensive.

7. Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

Our school district collects data on measures of quality and climate, disaggregated by subgroups of students including rates of out of school suspensions, In-school suspensions, expulsions, chronic absenteeism, and provides training and monthly reports to school administrators, special education coordinators, and lead special education teachers. Special education department also provides training and strategies from the district's behavior intervention specialist and court liaison.

#### ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8. Use the space below to provide additional	N/A
narrative regarding the school's	
improvement plan.	